IN THE CLAIMS

Please cancel claims 17-29,32-44, and 60. Please add the following new claims 61-89.

61. (New) A surgical method, comprising.

generating a pump beam pulse;

transmitting said pump beam pulse into a KTP crystal along a propagation direction that is substantially not parallel to a principle axis of said KTP crystal;

wherein said KTP crystal converts a fraction of energy in said pump beam pulse into an idler beam pulse, and said idler beam pulse has a wavelength of between about 2.75 and about 3.0 microns; and

impinging said idler beam pulse on tissue.

- 62. (New) The method of claim 61 wherein said generating comprises generating said pump beam pulse having a wavelength of about one micron.
- 63. (New) The method of claim 61 wherein said generating comprises generating said pump beam pulse such that said pulse has a duration of less than about 30 nanoseconds.
- 64. (New) The method of claim 61 wherein said generating comprises generating said pump beam as a multi mode beam.
- 65. (New) The method of claim 61 wherein said generating comprises generating said pump beam pulse as a multi mode beam having a divergence greater than eight times a diffraction limit of said beam.
- 66. (New) The method of claim 61 wherein said pump beam pulse has a diameter on the order of one to five millimeters.
- 67. (New) The method of claim 61 wherein said impinging comprises impinging said idler beam pulse on corneal tissue.
- 68. (New) The method of claim 61 further comprising sculpting a cornea with a plurality of idler beam pulses.
- 69. (New) The method of claim 61 further comprising cutting said KTP crystal for type II phase matching, and internal angles of sixty eight to seventy degrees.
- 70. (New) The method of claim 61 wherein said generating comprises generating said pump beam pulse in one of a Nd: YAG, Nd:glass, Nd:YLF, and Nd:YAlO3 laser.

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- 71. (New) The method of claim 61 further comprising cutting said KTP crystal to have a length of at least 20 millimeters.
- 72. (New) The method of claim 61 wherein said KTP crystal has a principle axis, and further comprising rotating said KTP crystal relative to said principle axis.
- 73. (New) The method of claim 61 wherein said step of transmitting comprises transmitting said idler beam pulse with an energy of between five and thirty milli joules.
- 74. (New) The method of claim 61 wherein said KTP crystal has a principle axis, and further comprising rotating said KTP crystal relative to said principle axis to an absorption wavelength of said tissue.
- 75. (New) The method of claim 61 wherein said KTP crystal converts at least one tenth of energy in said pump beam pulse into said idler beam pulse.
- 76. (New) The method of claim 61 further comprising generating pump beam pulses at a rate of ten to fifty hertz.
- 77. (New) The method of claim 61 further comprising transmitting remainder of said pump beam pulse exiting said KTP crystal through a second KTP crystal.
- 78. (New) The method of claim 61 further comprising transmitting said pump beam to said KTP crystal via one of a waveguide and a fiber optic bundle.
- 79. (New) The method of claim 78 further comprising interlacing an idler beam pulse output generated in a second KTP crystal with said idler beam pulse.
 - 80. (New) A surgical method, comprising: generating a pump beam pulse;

transmitting said pump beam pulse through a mirror that is highly reflective to a wavelength of an idler beam pulse and highly transmissive to a wavelength of said pump beam pules, said mirror oriented at an angle of forty five degrees relative to said pump beam pulse;

transmitting said pump beam pulse into a crystal;

wherein said crystal converts a fraction of energy in said pump beam pulse into said idler beam pulse, and said idler beam pulse wavelength is about 2.75 and about 3.0 microns; and impinging said idler beam pulse on tissue.

81. (New) A surgical method, comprising:

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generating a pump beam pulse;

transmitting said pump beam pulse into a periodically poled KTP crystal;

wherein said KTP crystal converts a fraction of energy in said pump beam pulse into an idler beam pulse, and said idler beam pulse has a wavelength of between about 2.75 and about 3.0 microns; and

impinging said idler beam pulse on tissue.

82. (New) A surgical method, comprising:

generating a pump beam pulse;

transmitting said pump beam pulse into a periodically poled LiNbO3 crystal;

wherein said periodically poled LiNbO3 crystal converts a fraction of energy in said pump beam pulse into an idler beam pulse, and said idler beam pulse has a wavelength of between about 2.9 and about 3.0 microns; and

impinging said dler beam pulse on tissue.

83. (New) A surgical method, comprising:

generating a pump beam pulse at a wavelength of between about 0.85 and 0.90 microns; transmitting said pump beam pulse into a non critically phase matched KTP crystal, X-

wherein said non critically phase matched KTP crystal crystal converts a fraction of energy in said pump beam pulse into an idler beam pulse, and said idler beam pulse has a wavelength of between about 2.9 and about 3.0 microns; and

impinging said idler beam pulse on tissue.

- 84. (New) The method of claim 83 wherein said generating comprises generating said pump beam pulse in one of a Ti: Sapphire and a Cr: LiSAF laser.
 - 85. (New) A surgical method, comprising:

generating a pump beam pulse;

cut;

transmitting said pump beam pulse into a crystal along a propagation direction;

wherein said crystal converts a fraction of energy in said pump beam pulse into an idler beam pulse, and said idler beam pulse has a wavelength of between about 2.75 and about 3.0 microns, a pulse width of not more than 50 nanoseconds, and an energy of at least 5 millijoules;

and

impinging said idler beam pulse on tissue.

- 86. (New) The method of claim 85 wherein said step of generating said pump beam comprises generating said pump beam at a pulse duration of not more than 50 nanoseconds.
- 87. (New) The method of claim 85 wherein said step of generating said pump beam comprises generating said pump beam at a wavelength of about one micron.
- 88. (New) The method of claim 87 wherein said step of generating said pump beam comprises generating said pump beam with an energy of no more than 30 millijoules per pulse.
- 89. (New) The method of claim 85 further comprising rotating said crystal relative to said propagation direction.